1 lawyer.

JUDGE SIPPEL: No, no, no.

THE WITNESS: But they were, as it came right into it, they were similar in whatever the important metrics were to compare audiences in the television world for advertising purposes, for carriage purposes, for audience appeal carrying purposes.

JUDGE SIPPEL: All right. This is just my -- I'm not a characterization -- but I'm just framing this in the context of -- as, basically, really a hypothetical, because I don't have any specific factual foundation to ask you this question. But did you get the impression, or did -- well, let me just ask the question this way.

Did you -- do you think sitting
here today, do you think that when you were
brought in, and you went through the terms and
conditions of your being retained, that
whoever it was that you were talking to at the
company had at least reached an intermediate

conclusion, or this is what they strongly felt was the situation with respect to these three comparisons, and they were looking for support from somebody who had the expertise to give to them?

THE WITNESS: Well, I --

JUDGE SIPPEL: Please think

careful, now.

THE WITNESS: I do, I want to answer that as clearly as I can. Obviously, this rests on impressions, not anything said specifically. Nobody ever said --

JUDGE SIPPEL: I understand.

THE WITNESS: But my impression was that the reason they would want to bring somebody with expertise in this field in was to document that fact, because they thought it was true. And this is common in the business. That doesn't affect what I tell them.

That doesn't affect what I tell them.

JUDGE SIPPEL: No, no, no. You've answered my question. No, I'm not implying that at all. Thank you.

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1	THE WITNESS: That's a fair
2	statement.
3	JUDGE SIPPEL: Okay. Anything
4	else on redirect?
5	MR. SCHMIDT: No redirect, Your
6	Honor.
7	JUDGE SIPPEL: Well, I hate to
8	tell you this, but you're excused as a
9	witness.
10	(Whereupon, the proceedings went
11	off the record at 3:16 p.m. and resumed at
12	3:43 p.m.)
13	JUDGE SIPPEL: Be seated. Do you
14	have a witness?
15	MR. PHILLIPS: Yes, Your Honor.
16	Tennis Channel would like to call Dr. Hal
17	Singer to the stand.
18	JUDGE SIPPEL: Dr. Hal Singer,
19	would you raise your hand, sir?
20	Whereupon,
21	HAL SINGER
22	was called as a witness by counsel for the

1 Q Dr. Singer, could you briefly 2 describe for the Court your background?

A Sure. I am an economist. I have a Master's and a Ph.D. in economics from Johns Hopkins. I have written extensively on a lot of the areas that are covered here today.

Among my areas of expertise are industrial organization, competition economics, regulation, and finance.

I have co-authored a book on broadband communications. I have written dozens of articles in peer-reviewed economics and law reviews.

I have been involved in a lot of cases that touch on media. And I consider myself an expert in the economics of meeting industries generally and cable programming in particular.

Q Could you describe what your current position is, current position and employment?

A Sure. I am currently Managing

Director at Navigant Economics. I have also recently served as an adjunct professor at Georgetown Business School.

Q Now, you say you have published articles. Can you describe those for me briefly? Have you posted articles in peer-reviewed journals?

A Yes, I have. I have published dozens of articles in peer-reviewed journals, including some on topics that touch on some of the issues here today, including the problems of vertical integration in the cable industry, including what a non-discrimination standard would mean in the internet space, and vertical foreclosure issues generally in the media.

Q And have you presented expert testimony before?

A Yes, I have, including on the very topics that we are talking about here. I have offered expert testimony, both in program carriage cases and program access cases.

On the program carriage front,

just to kind of quickly roll through, I served as MASN's expert in what was called phase 2 of a -- which is basically a valuation expert in its case against Time-Warner. I served as MASN's expert against Comcast. I served as the NFL's expert against Comcast. And on the program access side, I've served as Dish's expert against a network called CSN, which is owned by Comcast, CSN California.

Q What bodies have you appeared before to give testimony? What agencies?

A I have given testimony in several different fora, usually federal courts, but I have been before the DOJ, the FCC, the FTC.

I have offered testimony in various Canadian fora. Those are the ones I can think of.

Q Dr. Singer, you mentioned that you actually have given testimony on behalf of Dish Network. Have you served as an economic expert for other distributors?

A Yes. I've written papers and served as a consultant for various what I call

Page 830 1 JUDGE SIPPEL: Subject to cross, 2 it stands as Tennis 16. 3 (Whereupon, the aforementioned 4 document, having previously been 5 marked for identification as 6 Tennis Channel Exhibit Number 16, 7 was received in evidence.) 8 BY MR. PHILLIPS: Dr. Singer, exhibit 16, can you 9 tell me what that is? 10 11 Α Yes. It is my written testimony 12 in this case. 13 And can you briefly summarize the 14 expert opinions that you are offering today, sir? 15 16 Α Sure. In summary, I have 17 concluded that Tennis Channel is similarly 18 situated to Comcast national sports networks; 19 in particular, Golf Channel and Versus. 20 I've concluded that Comcast treats 21 the Tennis Channel differently and, in fact, 22 worse than it treats its own affiliated

national sports networks that are similarly situated with Comcast. And, finally, I have concluded that, as a result of that disparate treatment, Tennis Channel has suffered harm. And that harm is rebounded to the harm of advertisers and viewers.

Q Are you familiar with findings that were made in a recent order by the FCC in connection with the NBC-Universal merger?

A Yes, I am.

Q Is it your expert opinion consistent with those findings?

A It is consistent with. I think that's a fair way of putting it. In the FCC's merger order, the FCC found that Comcast treated its affiliated sports networks, Golf and Versus, better or more favorably than Comcast peers in the same geographic markets. And they found that Comcast did so for anti-competitive reasons.

What I am finding here is that

Comcast is treating Tennis Channel worse than

it treats its affiliated networks and is doing so for competitive reasons.

Q Dr. Singer, in your written

testimony, I would like to just go through the

bases and the analysis detail. In your

written testimony, you talk about

discrimination. Can you tell me what you mean

by "discrimination"?

A Sure. To economists, discrimination is treating two similarly situated things differently based on some outside factor that the candidates have no control over. Discrimination accordingly has no meaning unless it is evaluated in the context of a comparison. That is, it has to be an analysis that compares the treatment of one person against another person.

Q That would be similar to the discriminatory equation you probably heard me talk about in my opening?

MR. CARROLL: Objection, Your Honor. I don't mind this witness testifying

on economic matters, but he's not here to give

2 legal opinions about what Your Honor will be

3 deciding what the legal standard for

4 discrimination is. If he's limited to

5 | economics, I'm fine, but I don't think he

6 should be commenting on legal standards.

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JUDGE SIPPEL: Well, maybe so, but that's kind of a -- it's actually become a narrow gauge. I'm somewhat familiar with this witness' approach to testifying. I can assure you that's not going to happen. It's just not going to happen.

MR. CARROLL: Okay. Thank you,

Your Honor.

JUDGE SIPPEL: And I have people here who will stop it if it does happen.

(Laughter.)

MR. CARROLL: I'm feeling

perfectly at ease. Thank you.

THE WITNESS: Can I answer your

21 question from an economic perspective?

22 Applied here to an economist, one cannot

evaluate whether Comcast engaged in discriminatory conduct against Tennis Channel without a relevant comparison group. It can't be done in the abstract. It has to be done as compared to Comcast treatment to some comparator.

In this case, that comparator is Comcast-affiliated national sports networks.

BY MR. PHILLIPS:

Q And, among the group of Comcast-affiliated national sports networks, did you examine any networks in particular?

A Sure. The two that I focused my attention on are the Golf Channel and Versus, but Comcast also owns -- and it's important, Your Honor, to distinguish Comcast owns those networks in an entirety. Okay? By comparison, Comcast owns minority interests in a host of other national sports networks.

And I do think that it's informative for the purpose of making a determination of whether Comcast engaged in

decisions on the basis of affiliation to look at the totality of Comcast carriage decisions, not just for Versus and Golf but for all of the networks in which they either own or do not own equity.

Q What did you conclude based on this examination?

A I conclude that affiliation appears to explain to a very high degree the decision-making behind Comcast and how it treats cable networks.

MR. PHILLIPS: I would like to,
Your Honor, if I may, approach --

JUDGE SIPPEL: Yes, sure.

MR. PHILLIPS: -- distribute as

Tennis Channel exhibit 190 a chart, which is

really a take-out in a single page of a chart

that is already contained in Dr. Singer's

testimony.

JUDGE SIPPEL: Absolutely.

(Whereupon, the aforementioned document was marked for

Neal R. Gross & Co., Inc.

Page 836 1 identification as Tennis Channel 2 Exhibit Number 190.) 3 JUDGE SIPPEL: I just want to ask 4 a question. If Comcast owns only minority 5 interests in a sports network, how can they 6 control the decision-making? 7 THE WITNESS: No. They can 8 control. Comcast, the distributor, can decide 9 the extent to which it is going to carry a 10 network in which it owns a minority interest. 11 JUDGE SIPPEL: Minority interest. 12 I see. Okay. 13 THE WITNESS: And what I am going 14 to try to demonstrate here is that Comcast is 15 basing its decisions largely around whether or 16 not it owns equity in a sports network. 17 JUDGE SIPPEL: Taking this 18 hypothetically from my own, you start with the 19 100 percent integrateds, which is Golf and 20 Versus, and then you go down from there. And 21 you're going to find a similar pattern. 22 THE WITNESS: Exactly.

Dr. Singer?

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THE WITNESS: Yes?

BY MR. PHILLIPS:

Q So, Dr. Singer, exhibit 190 is a chart from your expert report. Is this a chart you prepared?

A Yes, it is.

Q And can you explain it for the Court, what this chart signifies?

A Sure. So, as you see, you know, there are three different columns here. And what I'm just trying to do, quite simply, is show what a Comcast subscriber gets to watch based on what tier he or she subscribes to.

So let's start on the left. I just think that's the easiest. We can start from the right, but let's just start on the left.

This is called the digital starter tier. And this is the basic package, if you will. So if you pay for the most slimmed-down version of service that Comcast offers, you will get ESPN, ESPN II, Golf Channel, and Versus, among others, but I am just looking at

national sports networks for the purpose of this table. Okay?

here.

If you pay a little more and upgrade to what Comcast calls the digital preferred tier, you get additional sports networks. And those are the ones down the middle column: ESPN News; ESPN U; Major League Baseball Network -- that's MLB -- NBA, TV National Basketball Association; NHL, National Hockey League; and the NFL Network. Okay?

And, finally, the third column is if you pay an additional five to seven or eight dollars a month, you can also get the networks that are on what Comcast calls the sports entertainment tier. And that would be Fox College Sports, Tennis Channel, CBS College Sports, Golf TV, NFL Red Zone, the Soccer Network, and ESPN Classic.

JUDGE SIPPEL: I don't see MASN on

THE WITNESS: That is because,

Neal R. Gross & Co., Inc. 202-234-4433

Now, have you observed, Dr.

subscribers only nationwide.

Singer, any relationship that appears to

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explain why certain of these networks appear in certain of these columns?

A Sure. So I've added a column titled "Affiliation." And "affiliation" is just a fancy word for whether or not Comcast owns equity in your network. In certain cases, Comcast owns the entire network, which is Golf and Versus.

And the pattern that I observe and I would like to try to be able to explain is that if your network is not owned by Comcast at all; that is, if you are a truly independent network, then you wind up with only one or two exceptions that I will go into being relegated to the sports entertainment tier. Okay? And that's Fox College, Tennis Channel. You can go down.

But, Your Honor, what all of those have in common is that they have not yet granted Comcast equity in their network. To say it differently, Comcast has not yet extracted a portion of the equity in their

network. And they are all on the sports entertainment tier.

characterize. So all of these programs that are listed on the third column, sports entertainment, Comcast has no equity interest in. Am I right in saying this? They seek no equity in? That we don't know?

JUDGE SIPPEL: Let me

THE WITNESS: We don't know.

JUDGE SIPPEL: But they don't have

any?

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as of today. I mean, just to orient ourselves or to reorient ourselves to the NFL matter, you recall that Comcast was going to place NFL on the sports entertainment tier. This was what caused us to enjoy ourselves two years ago.

JUDGE SIPPEL: In the courtroom,

20 right?

THE WITNESS: Yes, unless NFL

22 would surrender its equity rights in the

Thursday night football games. And that's what led to the big dust-up. NFL said, "No. We want those. We want those rights to our own network." And they sued Comcast. And that's what brought us here two years ago.

JUDGE SIPPEL: The distinction, though, that's on the contract side. And the violation is based only on the discrimination side. So, even without a contract, if there was discrimination going on, there could be a problem?

THE WITNESS: There could be. I was just trying to answer your question of, do we know that Comcast wants to own all of these networks. I can't say that I know that they want to own.

JUDGE SIPPEL: You answered -
THE WITNESS: I can't say that.

But we know that there are occasions in which

Comcast posture towards the independent

network was that you're not going to get more

favorable treatment unless you either gave us

the rights to certain content you're carrying or you just give us equity in the network.

And I'm going to take you through a few of those examples today. Okay?

JUDGE SIPPEL: And you charge us less for your program? It would be another third alternative?

THE WITNESS: That could be an alternative, sure. I mean, price certainly matters in the decision calculus, no doubt. But so does equity.

## BY MR. PHILLIPS:

Q And, Dr. Singer, if I may refocus you to the middle column?

A Sure.

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Q Now, "affiliation" I take it there means the same thing. The "No" or "Yes" refers to whether or not Comcast has any ownership interest in the network?

A That is correct. And now you will see that all of the "Nos" have flipped to some "Nos" and some "Yeses." Yes. To answer your

question, "affiliation" in this column -- I mean, it means the same thing in every column, but when it says, "Yes" here when we go and look at MLB, MBA, and NHL, those are minority ownership shares. Those are not full shares.

Now, you see two counter-examples, kind of my general hypothesis that it takes a little equity for you to get out of the doghouse. Okay? Those counter-examples are the NFL network and ESPN. You see those with the "Nos" next to them in the middle column?

Q I do.

A So you can say, "Come on. You don't have to have equity." Well, let's just kind of review the bidding. With the NFL network, the reason why and the only reason why the NFL is there is that that was a settlement that dissolved a discrimination complaint in which Comcast's prior position was that NFL would never see digital preferred tier. Okay?

And then when you look at ESPN,

ESPN is a counter-example, but ESPN is a very special case. ESPN is in a special class among all sports networks nationwide. They have some of the most valuable sports programming. And it would be truly dangerous for Comcast or for an MVPD to try to push ESPN around in a sense that you could actually get subscribe defection if you told your subscribers that they were going to have to pay five day dollars extra a month to get access to ESPN. Okay?

But with the exception of those two, which I think are very understandable exceptions once you get into the wheat, the other networks there are affiliated with Comcast. Okay? So I am going to stick with this contention that a little equity will get you off the sports tier. Okay?

And, turning now to the left column --

Q Hold on, Dr. Singer. Which also has the affiliation sub-column. Can you